# AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 2, 1999 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 5, 1999

### SENATE BILL

No. 451

### **Introduced by Senator Schiff**

February 17, 1999

An act to amend Section 6129 of, and to add Section 6129.5 to, An act to add Section 6129.5 to the Penal Code, relating to criminal conduct of public employees, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately. employees.

### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 451, as amended, Schiff. Criminal conduct by public employees: investigations.

Existing law requires the office of the Inspector General, the Youth and Adult Correctional Agency, the Department of Corrections, the Board of Corrections, the Youthful Offender Parole Board, and the Board of Prison Terms refer matters involving criminal conduct to the proper law enforcement authorities, and—that requires the entity making a referral to the local district attorney to also notify the Attorney General. Existing law further—provides requires that if the local district attorney refuses to accept the case, or has not acted on the matter, as specified, the matter shall be referred to the Attorney General, as specified.

This bill would, instead, provide require that upon the occurrence or discovery of a major incident, as defined, the Department of Corrections supervisor is required to notify the department's Office of Internal Affairs, and that office in

SB 451 — 2 —

turn is required to immediately notify the Attorney General. The bill also provides that the Attorney General has discretion to accept a criminal case involving a department employee, and that if the Attorney General elects not to investigate and prosecute the ease, the local district attorney would investigate and, if appropriate, prosecute the case. By increasing local prosecution costs, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. either a major incident as defined, or other criminal misconduct, committed by an employee or agent of the Department of Corrections in a department facility, a specified party at Office immediately notify the department's of Internal Affairs. That office is then required to immediately notify the Attorney General as specified. In the case of a major incident, or pursuant to a memorandum of understanding vesting prosecutorial responsibility with attorney, the Office of Internal Affairs would be required to also immediately notify the local district attorney. The bill would authorize the Attorney General, upon receiving notice of a major incident within a department facility, to initiate an investigation to determine whether an employee or agent of the department may have engaged in or participated in a major incident. In addition, under the bill, the Attorney General would have discretion to assume responsibility for the investigation and prosecution of criminal cases involving major incidents, or in other criminal cases pursuant to a memorandum of understanding with a district attorney.

The bill would also require the department to provide to the prosecuting agency with primary prosecuting responsibilities all known facts and circumstances, within a specified time. The reports required by this section would be confidential and inadmissible in a criminal or civil proceeding except as specified.

This bill *also* declares that nothing in the provisions precludes the local District Attorney or other law enforcement entity from investigating or prosecuting matters not being investigated or prosecuted by the Attorney General. The bill also reorganizes without substantive change, certain provisions of existing law.

-3-SB 451

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that its provisions would become effective immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote:  $\frac{2}{3}$  majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes-no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

## SECTION 1. Section 6129 of the Penal Code is

1

20

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares that 2 nothing in this act is intended to interfere with or diminish the primary prosecutorial responsibilities district attorneys now or in the future, except specifically provided by this act.

7 SEC. 2. Section 6129.5 is added to the Penal Code, to

9 6129.5. (a) (1) Upon the occurrence or discovery of 10 a major incident within a facility of the Department of 11 Corrections, the supervisor or other responsible party 12 who is present at the scene shall immediately notify the 13 department's Office of Internal Affairs. Upon receiving 14 that notification, the Office of Internal Affairs shall 15 immediately notify the local district attorney and the 16 Attorney General. The notice required by this paragraph 17 shall be given regardless of whether a local district 18 attorney has also been notified of the circumstances or allegations. 19

(2) Upon the discovery of circumstances or allegations 21 suggesting that an employee or agent of the department 22 may have engaged in or participated in criminal 23 misconduct, the supervisor who is present at the scene 24 shall immediately notify the Office of Internal Affairs. 25 Upon receiving that notification, the Office of Internal 26 Affairs shall immediately notify the Attorney General. If memorandum understanding of vests primary

SB 451 

prosecutorial responsibility with the district attorney, the notification provided by the Office of Internal Affairs to the Attorney General shall also be provided to the district 4 attorney.

- (3) As used in this section, major incidents include, but are not limited to, any of the following:
- (A) Use of deadly force, or any use of force resulting in death or great bodily injury as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 12022.7.
  - (B) Suicide or attempted suicide.
  - (C) Unattended death.

5

10 11

12

13

15

16 17

22

- (D) Allegation of sexual assault.
- (4) Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude any 14 district attorney or sheriff from investigating any incident within a facility of the department.
- (b) Upon receiving notification of a major incident within a facility of the department, the Attorney General 18 may initiate an investigation by the Department of 19 Justice for the purpose of determining whether 20 employee or agent of the Department of Corrections may 21 have engaged in or participated in a major incident.
- (c) (1) After conducting an investigation pursuant to 23 subdivision (b), the Attorney General shall 24 discretion to elect whether to assume responsibility for investigation and prosecution of criminal cases 25 *the* 26 involving employees or agents of the department that 27 occur in facilities of the department or are related to 28 conduct that is intended to or does occur in facilities of the 29 department, subject to any limitations set forth in any 30 memorandum of understanding entered into between 31 the Attorney General and a district attorney. If a understanding 32 memorandum of vests primary 33 prosecutorial responsibility with the district attorney, the 34 notification provided by the Office of Internal Affairs to 35 the Attorney General shall also be provided to the district 36 attorney.
- independent discovery by 37 (2) *Upon* the Attorney 38 General or notification pursuant to paragraph (2) of 39 subdivision (a), of circumstances or allegations 40 suggesting that an employee or agent of the department

**—5—** SB 451

criminal have engaged in or participated in misconduct, the Attorney General shall have discretion to whether to assume responsibility for 4 investigation and prosecution of criminal cases involving 5 employees or agents of the department that occur in 6 facilities of the department or are related to conduct that 7 is intended to or does occur in facilities of the department. The Attorney General's discretion under this paragraph shall be subject to a memorandum of understanding 10 between the Attorney General and a district attorney.

(3) Nothing in this subdivision is intended to preclude 12 a district attorney or sheriff from investigating or 13 prosecuting any matter involving an employee or agent 14 of the department when it is not being investigated or 15 prosecuted by the Attorney General. Nor is anything in subdivision intended to preclude the Attorney 17 General from investigating or prosecuting any matter 18 involving an employee or agent of the department within any county where a district attorney has primary 20 prosecutorial responsibility but elects not to file charges or fails to make a charging decision within a reasonable time.

21

22

- 23 (*d*) *In* addition the immediate tonotification 24 requirements set out in subdivision (a), the department 25 shall, within 24 hours, provide the Attorney General and 26 district attorney responsible for primary prosecutorial responsibilities with all known facts and circumstances in 28 a manner and form specified by the Attorney General. 29 The Attorney General or district attorney conducting or 30 directing a criminal investigation shall have unlimited access to any and all areas within the institutional premises as well as to departmental staff, records, and 33 evidence.
- 34 (e) The reports to district attorneys and the Attorney 35 General required by this section shall be confidential and 36 may not be used in any civil or criminal proceeding except as mandated by Brady v. Maryland (1963) 373 U.S. 38 83, Section 1043 of the Evidence Code, Section 832.7 of the 39 Penal Code, or for purposes of criminal investigations or

SB 451 -6-

proceedings concerning the conduct of employees or agents of the department.

(f) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Justice avoid any conflict of interest in 5 representing the State of California in any civil litigation 6 that may arise in a case in which an investigation has been or is currently being conducted by the Bureau of Investigation by contracting when necessary for private counsel.

#### 10 amended to read:

3

8

9

11

12 13

17

18

19

21

22

23

32 33

34

35

36

6129. (a) Any state employee at any rank and file, supervisory, or managerial level who intentionally engages in acts of reprisal, retaliation, threats, coercion, 14 or similar acts against an employee of either department 15 for having disclosed what the employee, in good faith, 16 believed to be improper activities shall be disciplined by adverse action as provided in Section 19572 of the Government Code. If no adverse action is instituted by the appointing power, the State Personnel Board shall invoke adverse action as provided in Section 19583.5 of the Government Code.

(b) In addition to all other penalties provided by law, any state employee at any rank and file, supervisory, or managerial level who intentionally engages in acts of reprisal, retaliation, threats, coercion, or similar acts against an employee of either department for having disclosed what the employee, in good faith, believed to be improper activities shall be liable in an action for damages brought against him or her by the injured party. Punitive damages may be awarded by the court if the acts of the offending party are proven to be malicious. If liability has been established, the injured party also shall be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as provided by law.

SEC. 2. Section 6129.5 is added to the Penal Code, to read:

6129.5. (a) The Inspector General, the Youth and 37 Adult Correctional Agency, the Department of the Youth Authority, the Department of Corrections, the Board of Corrections, the Youthful Offender Parole Board, and the Board of Prison Terms shall refer matters involving

**—7—** SB 451

eriminal conduct to the proper law enforcement authorities.

- (b) Upon the occurrence or discovery of a major incident within a Department of Corrections facility, the supervisor who is present at the scene shall immediately notify the department's Office of Internal Affairs. Upon that notification, the Office of Internal Affairs shall immediately notify the Attorney General who may initiate an investigation by the Department of Justice. As used in this section, major incidents include, but are not limited to, any of the following:
  - (1) Use of deadly force.

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11 12

14

15

17

19 20

21

28

30 31

34 35

36

37

38

- 13 (2) Use of force resulting in death or serious injury.
  - (3) Suicide or attempted suicide.
  - (4) Unattended death.
- 16 (5) Allegation of sexual assault.
- (e) Upon inception of any criminal investigation 18 involving an employee of the Department of Corrections or an agent thereof as a suspect, a representative from the department shall immediately notify the Attorney General. The notice shall be given regardless of whether a local district attorney has also been notified of the investigation. The Attorney General shall have the 24 discretion to elect whether to assume responsibility for 25 the investigation and prosecution of criminal cases 26 involving employees or agents of the department. If the Attorney General elects not to assume responsibility for investigation and prosecution of a case involving a department employee or agent, the local district attorney shall be responsible for investigation and, when appropriate, prosecution of the case. Nothing in this section shall preclude a local district attorney or other law enforcement agency from investigating or prosecuting any matter involving an employee or agent of the department when the matter is not being investigated or prosecuted by the Attorney General.
  - (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Justice avoid any conflict of interest in representing the State of California in any civil litigation that may arise in a case in which an investigation has been

SB 451 **—8** —

5

12 13

14

17 18

19

or is currently being conducted by the department's Bureau of Investigation by contracting when necessary 3 for private counsel. 4

SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 10 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

SEC. 4. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the 15 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order for the Department of Justice to immediately investigate major incidents within correctional facilities, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.